

Dallastown Area School District

School Director Handbook

	Revision History
December 12, 2012	Initial Revision - All Board Comments Incorporated
January 2, 2013	Added Fund Balance and Financial Audit Sections

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Mission

The mission of the board of school directors and the staff of the Dallastown Area School District, in partnership with family and community, is to provide a safe, innovative, and challenging student-centered learning environment that will prepare each student to become a successful, ethical, responsible, and contributing citizen of this changing world.

Purpose

The purpose of this Handbook is to provide DASD School Directors with a general outline of School Board responsibilities and processes. The information contained should be of benefit to both new and experienced Directors, as well as individuals considering running for the School Board. The Handbook is intended only as guidance. In the event of conflict between this Handbook and established Board Policy or applicable State or Federal statutes, the requirements of such Policy or statute shall supersede the Handbook.

Overview

School Directors are elected, unpaid volunteers that serve a four year term. The School Board consists of nine Directors working together with the Superintendent to chart the direction of the District. There are several meetings each month, some of which are long and tedious. School Directors also participate on multiple committees and several external boards. Decisions by the School Board are subject to scrutiny by staff, parents, students, taxpayers, the public, and elected officials in Harrisburg.

The School Directors of the DASD work with the Superintendent as a Team of 10 to provide an appropriate cost effective and student-centered learning environment that also meets the educational requirements mandated by law. While this work is sometimes challenging, the focus on "Dedication to Excellence" makes the task worthwhile.

PSBA Standards for Effective School Governance and Code of Conduct for School Boards

The School Board of the DASD has adopted the PSBA Standards for Governance and Code of Conduct. These documents define the foundational principles for the Board to provide a thorough and efficient system of public education, while assuring transparency of the governance process. The Standards and Code are attached for reference.

Strategic Plan and Board Goals

The strategic plan is a formal document that was previously required by the PA Department of Education and outlines the District's long term goals. The strategic plan is available on the District website. Board Goals are established annually in conjunction with the Superintendent's goals and in support of the strategic plan.

No Child Left Behind (NCLB) and Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)

NCLB requires that all students be proficient in reading and math. Specific AYP targets are established and thresholds for these targets increase each year. Historically, the Pennsylvania System of School Assessment (PSSA) is used to determine if AYP is met at the district and building levels. The Keystone Exams are planned to replace the PSSA and are intended to be phased in as the AYP indicator.

The Annual Report and Quality Assessment

The annual report and quality assessment is a comprehensive report to the District stakeholders which outlines the current status of the strategic plan and performance to several key metrics. The report and assessment is available on the District website.

Board Calendar

The DASD uses a fiscal year calendar (July 1 to June 30). Schools are in session from late August to early June. The school year may be lengthened in order to make up days that were cancelled due to weather or other reasons. The typical Board calendar is attached for reference. Note that the events and actions identified may vary month to month.

School Director Eligibility

To be eligible to be elected or appointed to the Dallastown Area School Board, one must meet the following qualifications and requirements:

- Be a citizen of Pennsylvania.
- Be of good moral character.
- Be at least 18 years old.
- Be a resident of the school district for at least one year prior to election or appointment.
- Reside in the applicable Region of the school district.
- Not be a holder of any office or position of profit under any government in the Dallastown Area School District.
- Not be a member of a municipal council.
- Not have been removed from any office of trust under federal, state or local laws for any malfeasance in such office.
- Except as provided by law, not be engaged in a business transaction with the school district, be employed by the school district, or receive pay for services from the school district.

Notes: The PA Constitution bars from elective office anyone convicted of an "infamous" crime, which the courts have interpreted to include various misdemeanors based on the nature of the crime and all felonies.

The Hatch Act, a federal statute, prohibits federal employees, and some state and local government employees whose job functions "involve" federal funding, from running for partisan elective office. The Hatch Act only prohibits running for election, but does not prohibit holding the office if appointed.

The military services have regulations similar to the Hatch Act, but not always coextensive, which may prohibit both holding the office as well as running for it. An individual may be ineligible to run for or hold the office of school director subject to state or federal law. Other state and federal laws may determine eligibility.

- File a statement of financial interests with the school district before taking the oath of office or entering upon his/her duties.
- Before entering the duties of the office, take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation prescribed by statute.

Regions

The DASD is divided into three regions. The region structure attempts to assure the School Board includes Directors from different parts of the District. While three School Directors are elected from each region, they serve at large and represent the whole District.

Director Authority

School Directors work at the policy level of the District. This work is conducted as a Board and Directors have no individual authority.

The day to day operation of the District is the responsibility of the Superintendent. Issues brought to a Director by friends, neighbors, and the public are typically referred to the Superintendent for resolution as appropriate. The Director may follow-up with the individual that raised the concern to make sure the issue was addressed. However, the Director does not attempt to resolve the issue.

The Director should always suggest that parents first follow the appropriate chain of command (teacher, building administration, central office administration).

The School Board is a Team of 10 consisting of the nine elected Directors and the Superintendent. The Superintendent serves as an advisor to the Board and committees in all matters affecting the District. The Superintendent or designee has the right to attend all regular and special Board meetings and committee meetings except for those relating to the Superintendent's employment or performance.

Primary School Board Responsibilities

The Board establishes the District policies and elects and evaluates the Superintendent. Additional responsibilities include:

- Adopting courses of study in consultation with the superintendent.
- · Establishing the length of the school term.
- Adopting textbooks.
- Entering into written contracts with professional employees and into collective bargaining agreements.
- Adopting the annual budget.
- Levying taxes and appointing a tax collector.
- Providing the necessary grounds and school buildings.
- Prescribing, adopting and enforcing reasonable rules and regulations regarding school activities, publications and organizations.
- Providing for special education for children with mental or physical disabilities.

Responsibility of the Board President and Vice President

The Board President presides over all regular and special School Board meetings and is an ex officio member of all committees. The President assigns Directors to committees and as representatives to other external boards. The President is responsible for official Board communications and responses to inquires from the public and news media. The Vice President assumes the responsibilities of the President as may be necessary due to absence of the President or other constraints. The President and Vice President in consultation with the Superintendent establish the agenda for the Board Meeting.

Board Procedures, District Policies, and Administrative Regulations and Guidelines

The Procedures, Polices, and Regulations and Guidelines are available on the District website.

Board Procedures (000 Level) are essentially the bylaws for the Board and define the authority, organization, responsibilities, and parliamentary authority for meeting conduct. Changes to Procedures require a 2/3 affirmative vote of the Board.

District Policies (100 - 900 Level) are established by the Board to define the governance of the District. The policies address specific requirements, and expectations for; Programs, Pupils, Administrative, Professional, and Classified Employees, Finances, Property, Operations, and Community. Changes to Policies require a majority vote of the full Board.

Administrative Regulations and Guidelines are established to supplement the Procedures and Policies. These documents do not require formal approval by the Board. However, it has been the custom in the DASD that the Regulations and Guidelines are submitted for consideration and concurrence by a majority vote of the full Board.

Directors should make an effort to become familiar with the organization and structure of the Procedures and Policies, with specific focus on the 000 level.

Sunshine Act

The Pennsylvania Sunshine Act requires that official action and deliberations by a quorum of the Board and most committees take place at a meeting that is open to the public.

There are five exceptions to the open meeting requirement; Personnel issues, Labor Relations, Real Estate, Litigation, and Confidential Information. These issues are discussed in Executive Sessions. Discussions that take place in Executive Session are to remain confidential. There is no requirement that meeting minutes be documented for an Executive Session. The purpose of the Executive Session must be declared at a public Board meeting.

The public must be afforded the opportunity to address the Board before any action is taken.

Additional detail on the Sunshine Act can be found in the PSBA publication, A Practical Guide to the Pennsylvania Sunshine Act.

Board Meetings

Regular Board meetings are typically conducted on the second and third Thursday of each month. The regular meeting schedule is available on the District website. Special Board meetings and Executive Sessions are called by the President as may be necessary. Board meetings are conducted using an online, paperless process. All meeting materials are linked to the agenda and accessed using laptop computers.

The meeting agenda is established by the President, Vice President, and Superintendent. The draft agenda is distributed to each Director the Friday before the regularly scheduled meeting. The draft agenda is also posted for the public on the District website. An updated draft agenda is distributed to each Director the Tuesday before the meeting, with the final agenda distribution being made on Thursday afternoon. At that time, the final agenda is also posted on the District website.

Standard external Board reports for inclusion on the agenda should be communicated by the applicable Director to the Board Secretary the week before the regularly scheduled meeting. Any special items for inclusion on the agenda should be communicated to the President by the individual Director.

Typically, an item requiring formal Board action will be discussed as an information item at one meeting, with the formal action being taken at the next meeting. When it is impractical for the Board to follow this two meeting process, an item may be acted upon at the first meeting. Such occurrences are rare and the consent of the Board is typically sought by the President.

Once the meeting is called to order, there is a motion to approve the agenda. Changes to the agenda may be incorporated at the time of initial approval by a majority vote of the Board. Subsequent changes to the agenda require a 2/3 vote of the Board.

There are two types of actions taken by the Board:

Consent Items is a list of standard actions that are approved with one vote. The consent items include such things as the meeting minutes, personnel report, treasurer's report, budget transfers, check register, rental requests, etc. A Director may request that a consent item be acted upon individually.

Action Items are identified individually on the agenda and are discussed prior to the formal vote.

There are two types of methods used for voting during the meeting:

Voice Vote - The President asks "all in favor say aye" and then "opposed say no".

Roll Call Vote - The President asks the Board Secretary to call the roll. When the Director's name is called, the response is "yes" or "no." The Board Secretary records the response for the record. Roll call votes are cast in alphabetical order by last name during even-numbered years and reverse alphabetical order by last name during odd-numbered years.

Abstaining - An abstention is a formal acknowledgment that a Director will not vote on an item and accepts the will of the majority. Directors are required by law to abstain from

any vote in which they have a conflict of interest. The Director will publicly state the conflict prior to the roll call and then say "I abstain" when the Director's name is called by the Board Secretary. The Board Secretary will provide an abstention form which is completed by the Director and becomes part of the meeting minutes.

Note: In general, a conflict of interest exists if the Director, a member of the Director's immediate family (parent, spouse, child, brother, or sister), or a business associated with the Director or Director's immediate family would receive a financial benefit from action of the Director. When necessary, the Director should seek guidance from the District Solicitor.

Other agenda items include special presentations and information items. Time is provided at the end of the meeting for Directors to share any comments that they have, correspondence that they have received, or discuss other items for possible Board consideration in the future.

The DASD provides two opportunities for the public to address the Board; one at the beginning and one at the end of the Board meeting. At the discretion of the Board President, the public may address the Board during the course of the meeting.

Note: The public comment period is not intended for back and forth discussion. The comments must be directed to the Board and not individual Directors. The Board must be able to conduct business efficiently and therefore reserves the right to curtail public comment and proceed with the meeting agenda.

The Board Secretary is responsible for documenting the meeting minutes. The minutes are formally approved as part of the consent items at a future Board meeting. The minutes are distributed in advance of the Board meeting with the draft agendas. Any changes required to the meeting minutes should be discussed with the Board Secretary prior to the Board meeting so modifications can be made as appropriate.

Should a Director need to be absent from a Board meeting, the Board President, Board Secretary, and the Superintendent must be notified in advance.

Committees and Other Director Assignments

Much of the work completed by the DASD School Board is conducted as a "committee of the whole." However, there are several standing committees and external boards which have assigned Directors representing the District.

The standing committees include:

<u>Committee</u>	<u>Responsibilities</u>
Policy	Work with the Superintendent to develop and revise policies. Make recommendations for approval of polices to the full Board.
Hearing	Conduct hearings related to student discipline when requested by the individual.

<u>Committee</u>	<u>Responsibilities</u>
Act 93	Meet with representatives of the administration and develop the required compensation plan. Make recommendation for approval of the plan to the full Board.
Budget	Work with the Administration to develop the budget. Review long term plans and capital expenditure plans, evaluate and recommend bond financing options.
Superintendent Evaluation	Develop the methodology to be used for the annual evaluation of the Superintendent. Coordinate the evaluation process and summarize Director input.
Buildings and Grounds	Work with the Director of Buildings and Grounds and other Administrators to assess the infrastructure needs of the District and make recommendations to the full Board.
Community Outreach	Coordinate the Town Meetings. Facilitate public relations communications. Interface with other elected officials.

Additional ad hoc committees may be established as necessary.

Other Director assignments and external boards include; PSBA Liaison, York Adams Tax Bureau, York Adams Academy, Lincoln Intermediate Unit, York/LIU Joint Authority, York County School of Technology - Joint Operating Committee, York County School of Technology - Authority, Dallastown Area Educational Foundation, and the Sponsoring Committee for Market Street Sports Group.

The DASD Board President is responsible for appointing Directors to the committees, external boards, and other assignments. For continuity purposes, the President attempts to assure at least one Director from each election cycle is assigned to each committee. Each Director should make their preferences known to the President. A Director's refusal to serve on a given committee or external board is not grounds for failure to appoint the Director to another committee or external board.

Board Secretary

The Board Secretary coordinates the Board calendar and is responsible for completion of the Board meeting minutes. The Board Secretary in the DASD also serves as the Open Records Officer. Some of the specific duties include:

- Keeping a correct and proper record of all the proceedings of the board.
- Attesting, in writing, the execution of all deeds, contracts, reports and other instruments that are to be executed by the board.
- Furnishing reports concerning the school affairs of the district.
- Maintaining all the records, papers, and the official seal of the school district.
- Perform such other duties pertaining to the business of the district as the Board may direct.

Directors will have routine contact and communication with the Board Secretary. Since the Board Secretary also serves as the secretary to the Superintendent, care must be taken to assure that such communication is related only to Board business.

Much of the work performed by the Board Secretary is conducted behind the scenes including; meeting room set-up, developing the linked, on-line agenda, and assuring that School Directors have all the necessary data and information to be prepared for the Board meeting. The Board Secretary prompts Directors on any upcoming training, conferences, meetings, and due dates for reports or feedback requested to support the work of the Board.

The Board Secretary is a resource for questions related to Board activities and is a key contributor to the school governance process and overall Board effectiveness.

Communication

Appropriate and effective communication is a key component in assuring all stakeholders are positively engaged in the educational process of the School District. However, it must also be realized that inappropriate or miss communications can cause confusion within the District. School Directors should keep the following communication guidelines in mind:

The Sunshine Act must be followed when communicating between Directors. Deliberations must be conducted at a public meeting. Depending on subject matter, email communications may be considered a record and subject to open record requests. The District has established an Administrative Regulation addressing Director email communication. The Regulation is available on the District website under Policies.

Typically, Director communication with District staff should flow though the Superintendent. In some cases, the Superintendent may have the Director email the staff member directly, with a copy to the Superintendent. It is important for the Director to recognize that the District staff has day to day responsibilities. Direct communications without the Superintendent tempering expectations, and assessing and establishing the appropriate priority, may cause staff members to drop everything so they can respond to the Director.

For Directors with children in school, parental communication with District staff provides a somewhat unique challenge. When possible and practical, it may be better for the Director's spouse to address the concerns with District staff. Regardless, it should always be made clear that the issue is being discussed as a parent and not a School Director.

As outlined in the Email Administrative Regulation, the President is responsible to provide the official response to emails sent from a stakeholder to the full Board. The individual Director may also respond as suggested in the Regulation.

The President has the primary responsibility for communicating with the news media and expressing the official Board position. However, individual Directors will also be contacted by the news media if there is a controversial issue, to clarify

a yes or no vote, or for other reasons. The individual Director is not obligated to comment. If the Director believes a comment is appropriate, the following cautions should be kept in mind:

- § Keep your response short and as clear as possible
- § Remember that your words carry a certain amount of weight
- § The article or story submitted by the reporter will be edited by the news paper or television station
- § Changes made during the editing process may convey a different message than you intended

Reimbursement of Expenses

Director expenses associated with legitimate Board business, conferences, travel, etc. can be reimbursed by the District. An expense report and receipts are required to be submitted to the Superintendent. Since taxpayer money is being used, expenses must be kept to a minimum.

Statement of Financial Interests

Each Director must complete and submit the Statement of Financial Interest form by the end of May each year that they are on the School Board. The form must also be submitted by the end of May of the year after leaving the School Board.

Typically, the form is revised by the Pennsylvania State Ethics Commission each year and the current form must be used.

All public positions or public offices held in the prior calendar year and held in the current year must be listed on the form. This includes the DASD Board and any external board assignments. A separate sheet may be required.

The financial interest portion of the form is for the prior calendar year. A separate sheet may be required.

The DASD Board Secretary will remind the School Board when the forms are due. The Board Secretary will also provide assistance and answer any questions on how to complete the form.

The forms are submitted to the DASD Board Secretary and to the designated individual for any external board assignments. The forms are retained and subject to audit by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Superintendent Evaluation Process

Evaluating the performance of the Superintendent is one of the most important responsibilities of the School Board. The evaluation process begins early in the school year with the establishment of the Superintendent's goals. The formal evaluation begins in May with each Director completing an individual assessment instrument. The completed assessment instrument is compiled by the Superintendent Evaluation Committee. The committee reviews the results of the evaluation with the full Board. The President and Vice President meet with the Superintendent and provide the feedback from the Board. The Superintendent is afforded the opportunity to meet with the full

Board to obtain additional clarification and direction. The evaluation process is targeted to be completed by the end of June.

Budget Process

School Directors work closely with the administrative team to establish and subsequently approve the District budget. The budget is linked to and supports the Board, District, and Superintendent goals. The process starts in early October with initial budget committee meetings.

Act 1 sets the index limit and also requires the Board to decide if exceptions to the index will be sought. Act 1 also provides for a referendum process if the Board determines that property taxes must be raised higher than the index and any applicable exceptions.

Intermediate completion dates for various steps in the budget process are variable and depend on which Act 1 procedure is used. Under the normal budget process, where the Act 1 index limit is not planned to be exceeded, the proposed final budget must be approved by the end of May and the final budget approved by the end of June.

The District is required to develop a balanced budget each year. Under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania school districts may not overspend the budget. Any forecasted deficit spending must be resolved by raising taxes, cutting expenses, or using a portion of the fund balance. Ideally, the fund balance is not used for expenses that recur year to year.

The funding formula used by the Commonwealth was established in 1991 and has no provisions for subsidy based on actual student enrollment. The current formula shortchanges school districts with growing student population. The DASD receives approximately 20% of the funds necessary from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Therefore, local property and income taxes are the primary funding source for the District.

Unfunded mandates from the federal and state government, combined with the costs associated with debt service, labor contracts, health care, and retirement benefits, make up approximately 90% of the District budget. Only about 10% of the budget can be considered variable cost control by the School Board. Under state law, school districts cannot eliminate teaching positions due to economic reasons. Therefore, programs must be reduced, realigned, or eliminated in order to impact the fixed cost portion of the District budget.

Fund Balance

Fund Balance is defined as the difference between assets and liabilities. When assets are greater than liabilities, the balance is positive. Fund balance includes items such as money due but not received, for example delayed subsidy from the state. School districts maintain a fund balance in order to manage cash flow, pay for emergency repairs, or control unexpected interruptions in revenues. Maintaining a fund balance also allows districts to generate a small amount of investment income. The amount of fund balance maintained has an impact on the credit rating of the district and the interest rates charged by lenders. The bond rating agencies recommend a fund balance between 5% and 10% of current budgeted operating expenditures. When the fund balance exceeds 8%, the Pennsylvania School Code requires districts to consume fund balance before raising

taxes. Ideally, the fund balance should be used for one-time type of expenditures. Alternatively, the excess funds could be designated for some specific future use as determined by the Board.

Fund Balance Categories - GASB 54

Category (Previous Category)	<u>Description</u>
Nonspendable (Reserved)	Not in spendable form, such as, long-term receivables not expected to be converted to cash in the near term. Legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a prepaid insurance.
Restricted (Reserved)	Required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose, such as creditors. Revenues raised on the condition the revenue is for a specific purpose.
Committed (Unreserved, Designated)	Spendable. Can only be used for specific purposes as a result of Board action. Cannot be changed without Board approval.
Assigned (Unreserved)	Reflects the school district's intent but not considered restricted or committed. Appropriation of existing fund balance to cover current year expenditures.
Unassigned (Undesignated)	Spendable, not restricted, committed or assigned. Part of the 8% cap.

Financial Audits

The School Board and Administration have the ultimate responsibility for assuring proper accounting policies and practices are employed in the District. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has established standards for accounting and financial reporting. These standards are applicable to state and local governments, including school districts. Financial Audits are conducted by an independent accounting firm, which is appointed by the School Board and also by the Pennsylvania Department of Auditor General.

Local Audits are conducted annually by the accounting firm in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards acceptable for financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The focus of the local audit is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatements, as well as to assess accounting principles and internal controls of the District. Some of the areas reviewed or tested by the auditors include:

- Transaction testing, which includes but is not limited to payroll, accounts payable and accounts receivable
- Appropriateness of spending of federal funds
- Fixed assets and depreciation calculations
- Analysis of Expenditures and Revenues and changes from previous years
- Account balances as of June 30th

- · Fraud and internal controls analysis
- Areas requiring correction from previous audits

Once the local audit is complete, the accounting firm submits a written independent auditor's report, including an opinion on the District financial statements to the School Board. Any material deficiencies, misstatements, or inadequacies with internal controls and compliance identified by the audit are corrected by the Administration.

State Audits that examine the records for each fiscal year, are conducted periodically by the Pennsylvania Department of Auditor General, Bureau of School Audits. The main focus of these audits is on state subsidies and reimbursements, and whether state laws and regulations are followed. Some of the areas reviewed by the auditors include:

- Reports to PDE and supporting documentation, which includes but is not limited to the following areas:
 - § State subsidies
 - § Child accounting
 - § Teacher and Administrator certifications
- Employee and contractor clearances
- Safe schools compliance
- Security of technology systems and programs
- Interest Rate Swaps
- Superintendent contract buy-outs
- Bids and Quotes
- Areas requiring correction from previous audits

Once the state audit is complete, the Auditor General submits a written report to the District. The District provides a management response and corrects any deficiencies as may be appropriate.

School Building Visits

School Directors are encouraged to visit the various buildings in the District. Visits are coordinated directly with the building Principal with notification provided to the Superintendent. The Director should provide the full Board with a verbal report about the visit at the end of a subsequent School Board meeting.

Town Meetings

One of the methods used to engage District stakeholders is the town meeting. These meetings are typically about two hours in duration and provide the opportunity for the Board to communicate some of the current constraints and accomplishments of the District. Time is also provided for stakeholders to ask questions in an informal setting. Each Director participates by addressing a few stakeholder questions.

Administrator Compensation Plan (Act 93)

Pennsylvania requires that an administrator compensation plan be developed and in place for all administrators except the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Business Manger and Human Resources Director. The applicable requirements for the

compensation plan are contained in Act 93. The plan is the sole responsibility of the School Board. However, Act 93 requires that, when requested by the administrators, the Board meet and discuss in good faith issues that relate to administrator compensation. Once the plan is approved by the Board, it cannot be changed without the administrators being afforded the opportunity to meet and discuss. Typically, Act 93 Plans have a duration of three to five years and include: base salary, annual increase amounts, benefits provided, and other items that relate to compensation.

Dallastown Area Education Association (DAEA) and Teacher Contracts

The DAEA is the legal representative of the teachers and must be recognized as such. Cooperation and communication with the Association is important in order to maintain positive working relationships. Since the Superintendent is responsible for the day to day operation of the District, the primary interface with the Association leadership is through the Superintendent. There will be times when the Association will contact individual Directors. Depending on the subject under discussion, the Director should consider obtaining guidance from the President or Superintendent. It is important that a consistent message be communicated to the Association and obtaining such guidance can be useful in formulating a response. On the other hand, a Director does not want to be seen as disengaged. Balancing the consistency of the message with the Director's desire to be engaged can be tricky at times.

Teacher contracts are negotiated with the School Board. Outside legal counsel is obtained to make sure all applicable employment and contract laws are followed during the negotiations. Typically, teacher contracts have a duration of three to five years. Compensation, work rules, discipline, grievance procedures, etc. are covered by the contract.

Website

The DASD website - www.dallastown.net - contains much detailed and useful information. Historical Board meeting agendas and support materials, recordings, and minutes are available for reference. Board Policies and various District reports can also be found on the website. The District calendar is maintained and important announcements are posted for information. Contact information for Administrative personnel and School Directors is also available. Each school building has a webpage that contains information specific to that particular school.

Pennsylvania School Boards Association (PSBA)

PSBA is a nonprofit statewide association that provides training and other services to School Board members. The primary mission of the association is to promote excellence in school board governance through leadership, service and advocacy for public education. PSBA provides the DASD School Directors with policy services and updates on educational initiatives taking place in the legislature. The association conducts an annual conference during the month of October in Hershey. PSBA hosts periodic meetings between School Directors and State Legislators. DASD is a member of PSBA and each School Director receives a copy of the bimonthly magazine, *PSBA Bulletin*, and the biweekly newsletter, *School Leader News*. Additional information on PSBA can be found at the website – www.psba.org.

National School Boards Association (NSBA)

NSBA is a nonprofit national organization representing state associations of school boards and their member districts across the United States. The organization provides information and services to state associations of school boards throughout the nation. The primary mission of NSBA is to work with and through state associations, for equity and excellence in public education by promoting school board leadership. NSBA has training literature and other publications relative to school governance available for School Directors. The organization conducts an annual conference during the month of April. The location of the conference rotates between the East Coast (Boston, MA), the West Coast (San Francisco, CA or San Diego, CA) and the South (New Orleans, LA). The DASD is a member of NSBA through the affiliation of PSBA. Each School Director receives a copy of the monthly magazine, *American School Board Journal*. Additional information on NSBA can be found at the website – www.nsba.org.

Economic Alliance School Director's Dinner

The York County Economic Alliance (YCEA) hosts an annual School Director's dinner during the first quarter of the calendar year. The purpose of the event is to recognize the service of School Board members.

Acronyms and Terms

There are many acronyms and terms used in the education field. Some are used within the federal or state departments of education. Others are specific to the DASD. A list of common acronyms and terms is attached for reference.

The initial draft of the School Director Handbook and much of the effort in creating it was that of Board Member Donald E. Jasmann. His efforts are deeply appreciated by all stakeholders in the Dallastown Area School District.

Permission to utilize this Handbook may be granted upon request. If you would like to do so, please contact the Dallastown Area School District at 717-244-4021 and speak to the Board Secretary, Lisa Kirby, at extension 4261.

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Attachment 1 PSBA Standards for Effective School Governance

To promote student growth and achievement, an effective school board . . .

Advocates for a thorough and efficient system of public education by:

- a. Promoting public education as a keystone of democracy.
- b. Engaging and promoting community support by seeking input, building support networks and generating action.
- c. Allocating resources in a manner designed to facilitate student achievement consistent with school district goals and plans.
- d. Maintaining legislative awareness and communicating with members of local, state and federal legislative bodies.
- e. Ensuring strong management of the school system by hiring, setting goals with and evaluating the superintendent.
- f. Employing qualified staff to meet student and program needs.

Models responsible governance and leadership by:

- a. Staying current with changing needs and requirements by reviewing educational literature, attending professional development opportunities prior to board service and continuously during board service, and preparing to make informed decisions.
- b. Interacting with school officials in other districts and using resources provided by organizations and agencies committed to effective governance and management of public schools.
- c. Leading with respect and taking full responsibility for board activity and behavior.
- d. Adopting and acting in accordance with the PSBA Code of Conduct for Members of Pennsylvania School Boards.
- e. Engaging all community stakeholders.
- f. Complying with board policy and all applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations.
- g. Operating as a collective board in making decisions.
- h. Participating in annual board retreats.

Governs through policy by:

- a. Seeking input from stakeholders and following an established procedure for consideration.
- b. Regularly reviewing and, as necessary, revising and adopting board policy.
- c. Delegating to the superintendent responsibility for implementation of board policy.
- d. Ensuring public access to adopted board policy.
- e. Purposefully linking its actions to applicable board policies.

Ensures that effective planning occurs by:

- a. Adopting and implementing a collaborative strategic planning process, including regular reviews.
- b. Setting annual goals that are aligned with the strategic plan.
- c. Linking board actions to the strategic plan.
- d. Adopting a financial plan that considers short-term and long-term needs.
- e. Adopting professional development plans for board and staff.
- f. Adopting a plan to ensure evaluation of student growth and achievement using relevant data.
- g. Adopting a master facilities plan conducive to teaching and learning.
- h. Adopting a plan for curriculum review and development.

Monitors results by:

- a. Using data appropriately to make informed decisions.
- b. Ensuring effective practices for evaluation of staff, programs, plans and services.
- c. Evaluating its own performance.
- d. Assessing student growth and achievement.
- e. Evaluating the effectiveness of the strategic plan.

Communicates with and engages the community by:

- a. Distributing relevant information about the district.
- b. Providing methods of communication to the board and appropriate staff.
- c. Seeking input through a variety of methods.
- d. Including stakeholders in all communications.

Attachment 2 PSBA Code of Conduct for Members of Pennsylvania School Boards

Preamble

We, as members of our local board of education, representing all the residents of our school district, believe that:

- Striving toward ideal conditions for effective school board service to our community, in a spirit of teamwork and devotion to public education, is the greatest instrument for preserving and perpetuating our representative democracy.
- The future welfare of this community, commonwealth and nation depends upon the quality of education we provide in the public schools.
- In order to maintain a free and strong country, our civic obligation to the community, commonwealth and nation is to maintain free and strong public schools in the United States of America, without surrendering our responsibilities to any other person, group or organization.
- Boards of school directors share responsibility for ensuring a "thorough and efficient system of public education" as required by the Pennsylvania Constitution.
- Our fellow residents have entrusted us with the advocacy for and stewardship of the education of the youth
 of this community.
- The public expects that our first and greatest priority is to provide equitable educational opportunities for all youth.

Accordingly,

- The community should be provided with information about its schools and be engaged by the board and staff to encourage input and support for the school system.
 Devoting time, thought and study to our duties and responsibilities as school board members is critical for rendering effective and credible service.
- Board members should work together in a spirit of harmony, respect and cooperation, despite differences
 of opinion.
- Personal decisions should be based upon all sufficient facts, we should vote our honest conviction without partisan bias, and we will abide by and uphold the majority decision of the board.
- Individuals have no legal authority outside the meetings of the board, and should conduct their relationships with all stakeholders and media on this basis.
- We will not use our positions as school directors to benefit ourselves or any individual or agency.
- School boards must balance their responsibility to provide educational programs with the need to be effective stewards of public resources.
- We should recognize that the primary responsibility of the board is to adopt policies by which the schools are to be administered.
- We should respect that the superintendent of schools and his or her staff are responsible and accountable for the delivery of the educational programs and the conduct of school operations.
- Communication with all stakeholders and the media should be conducted in accordance with board policy.

Attachment 3 Typical Annual School Board Calendar

(events and actions may vary month to month)

August

Start of School Year

Board and Superintendent Goals

Policy Committee

PSBA Annual Conference Registration

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

September

Curriculum & Strategic Plan Report

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

October

PSBA School Leadership Conference

PSBA Legislative Policy Council

NSBA Annual Conference Registration

PSSA Results

Town Meeting

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

November

Appointment of Nomination Committee Members

Recognition of Board Members' Service (outgoing members)

Establish Budget Timeline

United Way Campaign Results

Policy Committee

Curriculum & Strategic Plan Report

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

December

Board Reorganization

Acceptance of the Independent Auditors' Report

Report from Financial Advisor

Budget Committee

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

January

Board Recognition Month

Recognition of Board Members' Service to the School District

Updated Report from Financial Advisor

York County Economic Alliance's Annual School Directors' Dinner (Jan, Feb,

Mar)

Budget Committee

Debt Refinancing (Jan or Feb)

Curriculum & Strategic Plan Report

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

February

York County Economic Alliance's Annual School Directors' Dinner (Jan, Feb,

Mar)

Budget Committee

School Board Goals - Status Update

Town Meeting

Debt Refinancing (Jan or Feb)

Approve District Calendar-At-A-Glance

Approve School Board Meeting Dates

Approve LIU General Operating Budget

Approve York County School of Technology Budget

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

March

York County Economic Alliance's Annual School Directors' Dinner (Jan, Feb,

Mar)

Budget Committee

Policy Committee

PSBA's Legislative Meeting for York County (Month of Meeting Varies)

Approve York Adams Academy General Operating Budget

Curriculum & Strategic Plan Report

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

April

NSBA Annual Conference

Budget Committee

Approve Food Service Contract

Approve Recommended Meal Pricing

Adoption of Proposed Final Budget

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

May

Policy Committee

Recognition of Retiring Staff Members

Election of Treasurer

Election of Board Secretary (every four years)

Adoption of Final Budget

Approve Resolution for Implementing Tax Rates

Approve Resolution for Implementing the Homestead-Farmstead Exclusion

Curriculum & Strategic Plan Report

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

June

Proposals for PSBA's Legislative Platform

Approve Parent-Student Handbooks

School Board Goals - Status Update

Approve Fund Balance Designations

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

Commencement

July

Approve A la Carte Meal Pricing

Select Voting Delegates for PSBA Legislative Policy Council Meeting in October

Miscellaneous Actions

Miscellaneous Information Items

Attachment 4 Acronyms and Terms

AASA American Association of School Administrators

ACT American College Testing
ACT 1 Taxpayer Relief Act of 2006

ACT 45 Leadership Standards for School Leaders

ACT 48 Continuing Professional Education
ACT 50 Homestead and Farmstead Exclusion

ACT 93 Compensation Plans for School Administrators

ADA - ADAA Americans with Disabilities Act (as amended) - Hiring

and access to buildings

ADA Average Daily Attendance - The total days of pupil

attendance of a given school district during a

reporting period, divided by the number of day school

is in session during this period.

ADM Average Daily Membership - Aggregate number of

school days represented by all pupils on the active roll divided by the number of days school is in session.

AESOP Substitute Reporting Systems

AIE Actual Instructional Expense - The net cost of

instruction in a school district.

Aid Ratio The result of the formula that reflects a district's

wealth in relation to all other districts in the state.

Alternative Education Educational placement outside the regular classroom

(Cyber, Home Instruction, Blended Learning)

AP Advanced Placement (Courses & Tests)

APS Approved Private School

Assessment Builder Performance Pathways tool used to create, score,

and analyze local benchmark assessments

AYP Adequate Yearly Progress (under the No Child Left

Behind Act)

AVTS Area vocational-technical school

BEC Basic Education Circular (Issued by PDE)

BIP Behavior Intervention Plan

BIS Basic Instructional Subsidy - A payment that includes

payment on account of instruction, payment on account of low-income families and payment on

account of poverty.

CBA Collective Bargaining Agreement
CCSS Common Core State Standards

CCSSO Council of Chief State School Offices

CLT Curriculum Leadership Team

COBRA Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of

1986

Co-Curricular Activities Student Activities - which require participation both

during and after school with credit toward graduation

Cohort Graduation Rate Graduation rate for the same group of entering

students

Common Core State Standards (English Language Arts and Math)

CTBS Comprehensive Tests of Basic Skills

CTC Career and Technology Center

Curriculum Map Repository of scope, sequence and content of

curriculum that is horizontally aligned to state standards and district expectations and vertically aligned with appropriate grades and courses

DACA Dallastown Area Cyber Academy

DAEA Dallastown Area Education Association

Dallastown Model For

Teaching

Defines best practices and strategies for use by

teachers

DASD Dallastown Area School District

DRC Data Recognition Corporation (maker of PSSA's and

KE's)

DSBSA PSBA - Department of School Board Secretaries &

Affiliates

ECI Employment Cost Index - A measure of the change in

the total cost of labor calculated by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

EEOC Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

El Early Intervention

ELA English Language Arts

ELL/ESL English Language Learner (State) / English as a

Second Language (Federal)

EM Equalized Mills - A measure of the local tax effort

calculated by dividing local taxes by the market value

multiplied by 1,000

ERIP Early Retirement Incentive Plan

ESEA Elementary and Secondary Education Act

ESY Extended School Year

Extracurricular Activities Student Activities - conducted wholly or partly outside

the regular school day without credit toward

graduation

FAPE Free Appropriate Public Education

FDK Full Day Kindergarten

FERPA Family Education Rights and Privacy Act

FMLA Family Medical Leave Act
FRN Federal Relations Network

GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GASB 54 GASB Statement 54 - Fund Balance Reporting and

Governmental Fund Type Definitions

GED General Equivalence Diploma

GIEP Gifted Individualized Education Program

GS Gifted Support

HAC Home Access Center

HR Human Resources - A constellation of resources:

labor relations, benefits, personnel management.

IDEA Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

IEP Individualized Educational Plan

In Loco Parentis In the place of the parent

IU Intermediate Unit

KE (Keystone Exams) A Series of end-of-course Pennsylvania Assessment

Examinations (Keystones)

LEA Local Educational Agency

LERTA Local Economic Revitalization Tax Abatement

LIU Lincoln Intermediate unit

LRE Least Restrictive Environment

LS Learning Support

MAP Measure of Academic Progress

MAWA Mutually agreed upon written agreement

MDT Multi-Disciplinary Team

MV Market Value - The value of taxable real property

within a school district as determined by the State Tax

Equalization Board

MVAR Market Value Aid Ratio - A fraction used to calculate

the state's share of instructional costs.

MV-PIAR Market Value - Personal Income Aid Ratio - A factor

used to determine the state's share of instructional

costs.

Moodle Cyber learning platform - internally developed

NCLB No Child Left Behind

NEA National Education Association

NMSQT National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test

NORA Notice of Recommended Assignment

NSBA National School Boards Association

OdysseyWare Cyber learning platform - externally developed

OCR Office of Civil Rights

OLA Performance Tracker Online Assessment

OOR Office of Open Records
ORO Open Records Officer
OT Occupational Therapy

PACTA Pennsylvania Association of Career and

Technical Administrators

PA-CTE Pennsylvania Association of Career and Technical

Education

PAEOP Pennsylvania Association of Educational Office

Professionals

PAESSP Pennsylvania Association of Elementary & Secondary

School Principals

PASA Pennsylvania Association of School Administrators

PASBO Pennsylvania Association of School Business Officials

PASCD Pennsylvania Association for Supervisions and

Curriculum Development

PASPA Pennsylvania Association of School Personnel

Administrators

PDE Pennsylvania Department of Education

Performance Pathways (Performance Plus) a suite of tools designed to assist

educators in analyzing assessment data

Performance Tracker Performance Pathways tool for an interactive data

warehouse

PERMS Professional education Record Management System

PIAA Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association
PIMS Pennsylvania Information Management System

PLAN 10th Grade educational assessment associated with

the ACT

PLANCON The formal construction planning process used by

PDE to review and approve school construction

projects.

PLRB Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board

PSADA Pennsylvania State Athletic Directors Association

PSAT Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Tests

PSBA Pennsylvania School Boards Association

PSBSA Pennsylvania School Board Solicitors Association

PSEA Pennsylvania State Education Association

PSSA Pennsylvania System of School Assessment

PTA Parent Teacher Association

PTAP Pupil Transportation Association of Pennsylvania

PTO Parent Teacher Organization

PURTA Public Utility Realty Tax Act - Any property subject to

regulation by the Public Utility Commission pays an equivalent tax to the PA Dept. of Revenue, which then

is distributed to local taxing jurisdictions.

Reading Recovery 1st Grade intensive early-intervention program for

identified students that have difficulty learning to read

and write

ROCS Respect for Others, Care for Self

RONR Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised

RTKL Right to Know Law

SAS Standards Aligned System
SAT Scholastic Aptitude Tests

SMART Board Interactive Whiteboard

Study Island Online Student Assessment Program

Terra Nova Standardized Assessment

Title I Improving the Academic Achievement of the

Disadvantaged

Title IIA Staff Development Funding

Title III Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient

and Immigrant Students

Title IX Equal Opportunity in Athletics

TPE Temporary Professional Employee

YAA York Adams Academy

YATB York Adams Tax Bureau

YCEA York County Economic Alliance (York County

Chamber of Commerce merged with the York County

Economic Development Corporation - January 1,

2012)

YCST York County School of Technology